وأللك ألرجك

By Allah's name Ar-Rahman Ar-Raheem (The Multitudinous Mercy Giver)

يُسَبِّحُ لِلَّهِ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَاوَاتِ وَمَا the Heavens^w and what (are) in the Earth^w; for Him فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ لَهُ ٱلْمُلكُ وَلَهُ ٱلْحَمْدُ (is) the proprietorship and for Him (is) the praise; وَهُو عَلَىٰ كُلُّ شَيْء قَدِيرٌ ﴿ and He (is) over every-thing Omnipotent. 2. He Who^a created you^b; so of you^b a disbeliever and هُوَ ٱلَّذِي خَلَقَكُمْ فَمِنكُمْ كَافِرٌ

of you^b a believers; and Allah by what you^z work مُّؤُمِنٌ وَٱللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ (is) Baseeron (keen: Seer/comprehensive Knower of the facts and their ultimate consequences).

1. Yousabbeho¹ (says: subhana Allah) for Allah what (are) in

3. [He] created the Heavens and the Earth by the right; and [He] portrayed/fashioned you b; then ahasana ([He] ultimately perfected and beautified) your portraiture-/fashion; and to Him(is) the destiny.

4. [He] knows what (are) in the Heavens and the Earth; and [He] knows what you conceal and what you disclose; and Allah (is) Omniscient by the chests' possession.

5. Has not ya'atekom (come to youb) naba'o² (piece-of-significantand-availing-news) (of) whom 'disbelieved they of before then tasted they wabala (burdensome ill-result) (of) their matter; and for them (is) a painful torment.

6. Tha'leka (afar-that-it/) x (is) because that $[it^{x}]^{3}$ ta'atey (approaching) them their messengers x by the evidences^w then said they ^z: are humans aright-guide us; so disbelieved they z and diverted they z; and istaghna⁴ (affirmably enriched) Allah; and Allah (is) Rich Hameedon(iteratively praised/iteratively praiser He).

7. Claimed who r disbelieved they that never (to be) resurrected⁵ they²; let-say [you⁵]: bala⁶ (certainly-not); by my Lord, surely assuredly (to be) resurrected you z; afterwards surely assuredly tonabba'ona (to be informed by piece-of-significant-and-availing-news you^z) by what you^z worked; and *tha'leka*(afar-that-it/) x (is) on Allah easy.

8. So let-believe you by Allah and His messenger and

خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَاوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضَ بِٱلْحُقّ وَصَوَّرَكُمْ فَأَحْسَنَ صُورَكُمْ وَإِلَيْهِ

64 سورة التّغابن

يَعْلَمُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَـٰوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ وَيَعْلَمُ مَا تُسِرُّونَ وَمَا تُعْلَنُونَ وَٱللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِذَاتِ ٱلصُّدُورِ ٦ أَلَمْ يَأْتِكُمْ نَبَوُّا ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مِن

قَبِّلُ فَذَاقُواْ وَبَالَ أُمِّرهِمْ وَهُمَّ

ذَٰ لِكَ بِأُنَّهُۥ كَانَت تَّأْتِيهِمْ رِسُلُهُۥ بٱلْبَيّنَت فَقَالُوٓا أَبَشَر مَ مُدُونَنا وَّاسْتَغْنَى ٱللَّهُ

زَعَمَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوٓا أَن لِّن يُبْعَثُوا ۗ قُلِّ بَلَىٰ وَرَبِّي لَتُبِّعَثُنَّ ثُمَّ لَتُنَبُّونَّ بِمَا عَمِلُهُ ۗ وَذَٰ لِكَ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ يَسِيرٌ ﴿

فَعَامِنُواْ بِٱللَّهِ ـ وَٱلنُّورِ ٱلَّذِيَ أَنزَلْنَا أَ

¹ The word "yousabbeho" has no English equivalent! It means [he] says, "subhana Allah," that is: singling Allah as excelling in all good qualities, that He transcends all shortcomings, and that He is unique all around. Every tasbeeh (saying subbana Allah)in The Qur'an is a Prayer, says Ibn Abbas, see القرطبي for his tafseer (explanation of this Ayab)!

² See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "naba'a!"

⁵ The word "بعث" in "التبعثن" carries several meanings, among them: sent, arouse, resurrected, and prompted!

⁶ The word "bala" = "certainly-not" is absolutely not synonymous to "yes" = "نعم"," see footnote 196 or the Lexicon attached to this Translation for more elaboration!

⁷ The "الْتَبَعِثْنُ" and in "الْتَبَعِثُنُ" are juratory "الْتَبَعِثُنُ" amounting to="الْتَبَعِثُنُ"," i.e. affirmation, expressed in both cases by "assuredly"!

the illumination which * We descended; and Allah by what you work (is) Proficient.	وَٱللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ ﴿
9. Day [He] gathers you ^b for the Gathering Day; tha'leka (afar-that-it/) * (is) At-Taghabun's ⁸ Day; and whoever [he] believes by Allah and [he] works righteously, [He] expiates a'n (off) him his sayye'aa'te ^w (demeritorious-deeds) wand [He] admits him paradises // gardens run from under it the rivers, immortals they (are) in it ever; tha'leka (is) the win the great.	يَوْمَ جُمْعُكُمْ لِيَوْمِ ٱلْجَمْعَ ذَالِكَ يَوْمُ ٱلتَّغَابُنُ وَمَن يُؤْمِنُ بِٱللهِ وَيَعْمَلُ صَلِحًا يُكَفِّرْ عَنْهُ سَيْنَاتِهِ وَيُدْخِلُهُ جَنَّتِ جَرَّى مِن عَمِّمًا ٱلْأَنْهَارُ خَلدِينَ فِيهَآ أَبُدًا ذَالِكَ ٱلْفَوْزُ ٱلْعَظِمُ
 10. And who disbelieved they and denied they by Our Aya'te (messages) those (are) The Fire's companions, immortals they (are) in it and wretched (is) the destiny. 11. Not betided [He/it] of a disaster except by Allah's leave; and whoever [he] believes by Allah (He) 	وَٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ وَكَذَّبُواْ بِعَايَتِنَا أُوْلَتِهِكَ أَصْحَبُ ٱلنَّارِ خَلِدِينَ فِيهَا وَبِئُسَ ٱلْمَصِيرُ ﴿ مَا أَصَابَ مِن مُصِيبَةٍ إلَّا بِإِذُنِ
 aright-guides his heart; and Allah by every-thing (is) Omniscient. 12. And let-obey you ^z Allah and let-obey you ^z the messenger; then en (if) you ^c diverted, then verily only on Our messenger (is) the announcement ^x the manifester ^x. 	اللهِ وَمَن يُؤْمِنُ بِاللهِ يَهْدِ قَلْبَهُ وَ وَمَن يُؤْمِنُ بِاللهِ يَهْدِ قَلْبَهُ وَ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ وَأَطِيعُواْ اللهَ سُولَ فَإِنْمَا عَلَىٰ فَإِنْمَا عَلَىٰ وَلُكُمْ وَلُكُمْ فَإِنْمَا عَلَىٰ وَسُولِنَا الْبَلَغُ الْمُبِينُ ﴿
13. Allah no an <i>elaha</i> (<i>a deity</i>) except Him; and on Allah then let trust the believers.	الله لا إله إلا هُوَ وَعَلَى اللهِ اللهِ فَلَيْ وَعَلَى اللهِ فَلْيَتَوَكَّلَ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿
14. O you who they believed: verily of your spouses and your children (are) foe for you; so ehdhro (lettake-caution you towards) them; and en (if) you pardon and you condone and you forgive, then verily Allah (is) Ghafooron (iterative forgiver), Raheemon (iterative mercy Giver).	يَتَأَيُّنَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ إِنَّ مِنْ أَزُواحِكُمْ وَأُولُندِكُمْ عَدُواً لَا عَدُواً لَكُمْ فَإِن تَعْفُواْ لَكُمْ فَاحْذَروهُمْ وَإِن تَعْفُواْ وَتَعْفُواْ وَتَعْفُواْ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ وَتَصْفَحُواْ وَتَغْفِرُواْ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ عَفُورٌ رَّحِيمُ عَفُورٌ رَّحِيمُ عَفُورٌ رَّحِيمُ عَ
15. Verily only, your nossessions and your children (are) a fetnaton (essay/enticement/allurement/charm) and Allah has great remuneration.	إنَّمَا أَمُوالُكُمْ وَأُولَندُكُرٌ فِتْنَةً أَوْلَندُكُرٌ فِتْنَةً وَاللَّهُ عِندَهُ اللَّهُ عَظِيمٌ الله

⁸ The word "At-Taghbun" literally means: mutual defrauding or slighting! And the "Resurrection Day" is referred to as such because the Paradise folks and the Hell folks mutually "defraud or slight" each other! As each of Paradise and Hell is made up to contain two places for potential occupiers, but ultimately only one would occupy both! And this is how and Allah knows best! Allah created for each being of the believers and the disbelievers, two places in Paradise and two places in Hell! So, on the Day of "At-Taghbun" the folks of Paradise exchange their places in Hell by giving them up in favor of the disbelievers and simultaneously taking the disbelievers' places in Paradise which would have been for the disbelievers had the disbelievers believed and worked accordingly! So, such an exchange is an exchange of "seemingly defrauding or seemingly slighting," as who would accept such an exchange but coercively! But that is the right and just recompense for both! As in this world the disbelievers had "sold" their Hereafter duties and neglected them! While the believers had "purchased" their Hereafter duties and worked righteously for them! So, there is no defrauding or slighting per se at all!

The subjective noun (i.e. is of betided (i.e. is occulated) could be "He, i.e. Allah," or "it,"" = "hereafter duties and worked righteously for their Hereafter duties and worked righteously for them! So, there is no defrauding or slighting per se at all!

¹⁰ Theword"عدو,"in Arabicisused for: (1) singular and (2) plural and as (3) "multitudinous foe," see اللهادي

16. So ettaqo (let reverentially guard you not to displease) Allah whatever you could and let-listen you and let-obey you and let-expend you khayran (choicer/-superior/-worthier) for your selves; and whoever [he] (is to be/being) precluded himselfs shuhha¹¹ (stinting towards doing what is obligatory) then those they (are) the thrivers.

17. En (if) you requite Allah a requital hasanan(ultimate meritorious deed) [He] doubles it for you and [He] forgives for youb; and Allah (is) Shakkoron (iterative Thanker), Forbearer.

18. The unseen and the seen Knower; The Mighty The Hakeemo¹² (infinite hekmah Possessor).

. .

[&]quot;The word "shuhha"="יוליים" versus "לויבלי" the two words are too different! "means deficiency in obliging towards what is expected or presumed duty or responsibility, where as "לויבלי" is greed in giving wealth! So, "ashuhha" is (stinting towards doing what is dutiful, i.e. obligatory)!

[&]quot;احكيم" and "الحكيم" and "الحكيم" and "الحكيم"